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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/436,656	11/09/1999	KENJI TAGAWA	00177/530318	6961
;	7590 10/20/2004		EXAMINER	
WENDEROTH LIND & PONACK			O'CONNOR, GERALD J	
2033 "K" STR SUITE 800	EET N W		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	, DC 20006		3627	
			DATE MAILED: 10/20/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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\	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summany	09/436,656	Tagawa et al.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication	O'Connor	3627				
- The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by some any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repn. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONThetatute, cause the application to become ABA	ly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communic NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	eation.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on_		and July 27 (Supl Amdt), 200	<u>)4_</u> .			
•	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
closed in accordance with the practice unc	iei Ex parte Quayle, 1955 C.D.	11, 455 O.G. 215.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s)	vithdrawn from consideration. e rejected.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐	accepted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to	- ,,	• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		·				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached	Jπice Action or form P1O-152	2.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in Appriority documents have been received in Recei	plication No eceived in this National Stage)			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Su					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Mail Date prmal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 3627 Page 2

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114 was filed in this application after appeal to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences, but prior to a decision on the appeal. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114 and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the appeal has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114 and prosecution in this application has been reopened pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submissions filed on April 22, 2004 and July 27, 2004 have been entered.

Preliminary Remarks

- 2. This Office action responds to the amendment and arguments filed by applicant on April 22, 2004, as well as to the supplemental amendment and arguments filed by applicant on July 27, 2004, both in reply to the Office action mailed October 22, 2003.
- 3. This Office action replaces the previous Office action, mailed July 28, 2004, which may be disregarded entirely, this supplemental Office action being cumulative in nature, thus incorporating herein all content of the previous Office action, as well as restarting the time period for reply.

Art Unit: 3627 Page 3

4. The amendment of claims 22, 26, and 28 by applicant on April 22, 2004 is hereby acknowledged.

- 5. The cancellation of claims 25 and 29-42 by applicant on April 22, 2004 is hereby acknowledged.
- 6. The addition of claims 43-48 by applicant on July 27, 2004 is hereby acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 8. Claims 22-24, 26-28, and 43-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Imai et al. (US 5,870,467). Note that, in making this rejection, the extensively recited functional language has been deemed merely intended usage of the invention, hence, afforded

Art Unit: 3627 Page 4

little patentable weight, as the apparatus of Imai et al. is inherently capable of performing the recited functions. See MPEP §2114.

Imai et al. show a data conversion apparatus 100 comprising: a data transmission/receiving section/means 11; a data format judging section/means 3; an attribute information obtaining section/means 4; a user ID storage section/means storing identification information identifying the user of the data conversion apparatus (a user ID identifying the user of the data conversion apparatus being necessarily, thus inherently, present in order to perform the disclosed "authentication"); a ciphering section/means 132 for ciphering the attribute information (ciphering being necessarily, thus inherently, present in order to "protect" the data in the manner disclosed); a data format conversion section/means 5 for adding the ciphered attribute information and identification information to the audio contents; and, a controller 1, wherein the data transmission/receiving section/means of Imai et al. includes a data read-out portion 6 and a network interface 102. See, in particular, Figure 11.

Regarding claims 23 and 44, the data conversion apparatus of Imai et al. further comprises a data outputting section/means 6.

Regarding claims 24 and 45, the data conversion apparatus of Imai et al. further comprises a recording section/means 105 and a charging section 104.

Regarding claims 26-28 and 46-48, the recited functional language has been deemed merely intended usage of the invention, hence, afforded little patentable weight, as the apparatus of Imai et al. is inherently capable of performing the recited functions. See MPEP §2114.

Art Unit: 3627 Page 5

Response to Arguments

- 9. Applicant's arguments filed April 22, 2004 and July 27, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 10. Regarding the argument that Imai et al. does not disclose all of the recited functional language recited by applicant's apparatus claims relative to the specific copyright/data protection scheme/format known as "superdistribution" (though "superdistribution" is specifically mentioned by Imai et al.) a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).
- 11. Regarding the argument that the data transmission/receiving section of the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. fails to include a data read-out portion and a network interface, the data transmission/receiving section of Imai et al. indeed includes a data read-out portion 6 and a network interface 102. See, in particular, Figure 11.
- 12. Regarding the argument that the Imai et al. fail to disclose certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., performing a CDDB-type

Art Unit: 3627 Page 6

of remote audio CD database lookup to identify a normal, non-super-distribution, audio CD) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

- 13. Regarding the argument that the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. is incapable of reading data out of a disc medium, the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. is indeed capable of reading data out of a disc medium, and, in the event that any translation issues may possibly be creating confusion, the examiner specifically notes that audio contents of a CD are considered "data in a disc medium."
- 14. Regarding the argument that the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. is incapable of storing identification information identifying the user of the data conversion apparatus, the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. is indeed capable of storing identification information identifying the user of the data conversion apparatus, since a user ID identifying the user of the data conversion apparatus, thus inherently, present in order to perform the disclosed "authentication" (authentication being the determination/establishment of identity).
- 15. Regarding the argument that the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. is incapable of recording superdistribution format data, the data conversion apparatus 100 of Imai et al. is

Art Unit: 3627 Page 7

indeed capable of recording superdistribution format data, as that is one of its explicitly disclosed intended purposes.

16. Regarding the argument that all functional language must be considered in new claims 43-48 because the claims are written in means-plus-function format, new claims 43-48 do indeed define *structure* in means-plus-function format, but, additionally, still recite intended usage as well, and the intended usage still need not be explicitly disclosed in the reference if the claimed *structure*, as disclosed in the reference, is inherently capable of performing the claimed *usage*.

For example, the recitation, "a ciphering means for ciphering the attribute information obtained from the external equipment and the identification information stored in said user ID storage means" (claim 43, lines 18-19) includes both structure defined in means-plus-function language, "a ciphering means" (which recitation is considered equivalent to the more literal/traditional, "a means for ciphering," as explained in MPEP §2181), as well as an intended usage of the "means for ciphering," that being, "for ciphering the attribute information obtained from the external equipment and the identification information stored in said user ID storage means."

Note that, even if defined in means-plus-function format, apparatus claim limitations are still drawn to *structure*, and the structure in a reference, to be anticipatory, can *either* be the same as, *or equivalent to*, the disclosed structure of the claimed invention. See MPEP §2114, which states, in part, "that means plus function limitations are met by structures which are equivalent to the corresponding structures recited in the specification."

Art Unit: 3627 Page 8

Conclusion

17. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the disclosure.

18. Any inquiry concerning this communication, or earlier communications, should be directed to the examiner, **Jerry O'Connor**, whose telephone number is (703) 305-1525, and whose facsimile number is (703) 746-3976.

The examiner can normally be reached weekdays from 9:30 to 6:00.

Inquiries of a general nature or simply relating to the status of the application should be directed to the receptionist, whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Robert Olszewski, can be reached at (703) 308-5183.

Official replies to this Office action may be submitted by any *one* of fax, mail, or hand delivery. Faxed replies are preferred and should be directed to (703) 872-9306 (fax-back auto-reply receipt service provided). Mailed replies should be addressed to "Commissioner for Patents, PO Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450." Hand delivered replies should be left with the receptionist on the seventh floor of Crystal Park Five, 2451 Crystal Dr, Arlington, VA 22202.

GJOC

October 14, 2004

2 (10-14-04)

Gerald J. O'Connor
Patent Examiner
Group Art Unit 3627